

#### **WORK SAMPLE PORTFOLIO**

The 2012 portfolios are a resource to support teachers in planning and implementation of the Foundation to Year 10 Australian Curriculum in the learning area. Each portfolio comprises a collection of student work illustrating evidence of student learning in relation to the achievement standard. At every year level there are three portfolios illustrating satisfactory, above satisfactory and below satisfactory achievement in relation to the standard.

Each portfolio comprises a collection of different student work selected by state and territory nominees, and annotated and reviewed by classroom teachers and other curriculum experts. Each work sample in the portfolio varies in terms of how much time was available to complete the task and/or the degree of scaffolding provided by the teacher.

There is no pre-determined number of student work samples in a portfolio nor are they sequenced in any particular order. Together as a portfolio, the samples provide evidence of all aspects of the achievement standard unless otherwise specified.

As the Australian Curriculum is progressively implemented in schools, the portfolios will continue to be reviewed and enhanced in relation to their comprehensiveness in coverage of the achievement standard and their representation of the diversity of student work that can be used to highlight evidence of student learning.

### THIS PORTFOLIO - Year 4 English

This portfolio comprises a number of work samples drawn from a range of assessment tasks, namely:

Sample 1	Group discussion - The Burnt Stick and Stolen Girl
Sample 2	Written response to questions - The Burnt Stick and Stolen Girl
Sample 3	Information report - Lorikeets
Sample 4	Character portrait -The Little Wooden Horse
Sample 5	Response to literature - What Katy Did
Sample 6	Persuasive Text - The best superpower to have is rewind

This portfolio of student work shows that this student is able to demonstrate understanding of how texts are structured differently depending on their audience and purpose (WS2, WS5, WS6). The student makes connections between texts and own experiences (WS1, WS2) and expresses a substantiated point of view about a text (WS1, WS2, WS4). The student uses a variety of language features to develop descriptive and cohesive literary, informative and persuasive texts (WS1, WS2, WS3, WS4, WS5, WS6). The student collaborates with others to create clearly presented, engaging oral presentations (WS1).

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## Group discussion - The Burnt Stick and Stolen Girl

### Relevant parts of the achievement standard

#### Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 4, students understand that texts have different text structures depending on purpose and audience. They explain how language features, images and vocabulary are used to engage the interest of audiences.

They describe literal and implied meaning connecting ideas in different texts. They express preferences for particular texts, and respond to others' viewpoints. They listen for key points in discussions.

#### Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students use language features to create coherence and add detail to their texts. They understand how to express an opinion based on information in a text. They create texts that show understanding of how images and detail can be used to extend key ideas.

Students create structured texts to explain ideas for different audiences. They make presentations and contribute actively to class and group discussions, varying language according to context. They demonstrate understanding of grammar, select vocabulary from a range of resources and use accurate spelling and punctuation, editing their work to improve meaning.

### Summary of task

Students read the texts The Burnt Stick by Anthony Hall and Stolen Girl by Trina Saffioti.

Students conducted a small group discussion where one student posed a series of questions about the texts. Two students responded to the questions recalling information, identifying themes and giving their own opinions about the issues raised in the two books.

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# Group discussion - The Burnt Stick and Stolen Girl



### **Annotations**

Acknowledgement
ACARA acknowledges the contribution of Australian teachers and education authorities in
providing the tasks and work samples. The annotations are referenced to the Australian Curriculum
achievement standards.



# Written response to questions – The Burnt Stick and Stolen Girl

### Relevant parts of the achievement standard

#### Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

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### Summary of task

The teacher read the texts The Burnt Stick by Anthony Hall and Stolen Girl by Trina Saffioti while students took notes.

Students were asked to respond to a set of reflective questions that included:

- explaining their reactions and feelings about the text
- stating their connections with the text
- explaining the point of view of the text
- making a comment on the themes and issues presented in the text.

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# Written response to questions – *The Burnt Stick* and *Stolen Girl*

# Responding to Text TITLE: "The Burnt Stick" AUTHOR: Anthony Hill ILLUSTRATOR: Mark Sofilas REFLECTING AND QUESTIONING: What are your reactions to the text? What does it make you think, feel, wonder? Aboriginal camps near ariver. A big town where Aboriginal Kids get jobs. They might friends but they think it is MAKING CONNECTIONS: Explain any connections that you made with the text. (to self, text to text, to world) It made me remember about Naidoc week I have read an information book that they Explain the points of view presented in the text. The Aboriginals are longing togo home They know it is not home. The white people think they will forget. What are the big ideas or themes in the text? What do you think the author wants you to think about? Our life is easy because we don't get taken from our families! Respect their culture

#### **Annotations**

Uses accurate spelling and punctuation.

Recalls literal information from a text.

Reflects on personal and cultural connections in a text.

Identifies the point of view of a character in a text and relates it to wider social events.

Uses compound and complex sentences to express and link ideas.

Uses the language of opinion to express and justify their own ideas and feelings.

Expresses an opinion justifying their own ideas and feelings.

Uses learned vocabulary appropriate to the topic, for example 'respect their culture'.

#### Acknowledgement

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# Written response to questions – *The Burnt Stick* and *Stolen Girl*

	Responding to Text
TITLE: "	The Burnt Stick"
AUTHOR:	Anthony Hill
	and the second s
ILLUSTRA	TOR: Mark Sofilas
REFLECTI	NG AND QUESTIONING:
What are	your reactions to the text? What does it make you think, feel, wonder?
Aborio	ginal camps near ariver. A big town where Aboriginal Kids
CAC FO	jobs. They might friends butthey thinkitis connections:
54:11	lonely. "g" mends but they think it is
MAKING	CONNECTIONS:
Explain a	ny connections that you made with the text. (to self, text to text, to world)
Itr	made me remember about Naidoc week
Ih	ave read an information book that they the children.
POINT OF	VIEW:
	ne points of view presented in the text.
The	Aboriginals are longing togo home.
The	I know it is not home.
Th	e white people think they will forget.
SYNTHESI	SING:
What are	the big ideas or themes in the text?
	you think the author wants you to think about?
Our	our families of a don't get taken
Fro	n Our families! Respect their culture
	peer their culture

### **Annotations**

Makes connections to other texts read and viewed.

Provides an example of the main character's point of view.

Identifies and reflects on the author's purpose in writing a text.

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### **Information report – Lorikeets**

### Relevant parts of the achievement standard

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#### Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students use language features to create coherence and add detail to their texts. They understand how to express an opinion based on information in a text. They create texts that show understanding of how images and detail can be used to extend key ideas.

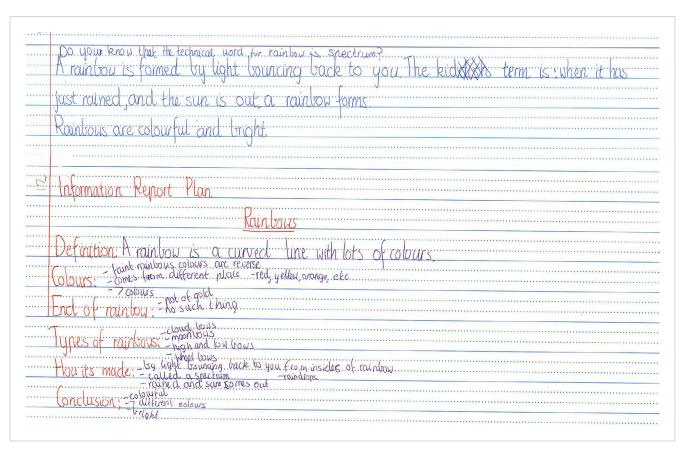
Students create structured texts to explain ideas for different audiences. They make presentations and contribute actively to class and group discussions, varying language according to context. They demonstrate understanding of grammar, select vocabulary from a range of resources and use accurate spelling and punctuation, editing their work to improve meaning.

### **Summary of task**

The students were asked to complete an information report about a topic of interest. They researched their topic using the internet and books. The students identified information they found interesting and then re-wrote the information in their own words. They planned their information report before writing and edited their work with a specific focus on the use of topic sentences, paragraphs, punctuation and correct spelling.

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## **Information report – Lorikeets**



#### **Annotations**

Includes scientific detail and provides technical information relevant to the topic.

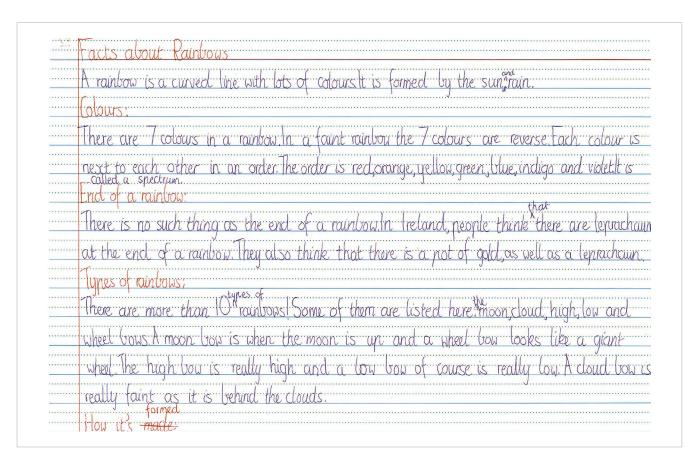
Uses accurate spelling and punctuation.

Constructs a detailed plan to guide writing.

#### Acknowledgement

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## **Information report – Lorikeets**



#### **Annotations**

Writes a well-structured information report on a researched topic.

Uses the language of factual reporting rather than of opinion.

Uses new vocabulary encountered in research, for example 'spectrum'.

Uses sub-headings and paragraphing to organise information in a text.

Shows evidence of editing by adding words to improve clarity of meaning.

Uses simple, compound and complex sentences to provide and link information.

Edits work using more precise terminology.

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### Character portrait - The Little Wooden Horse

### Relevant parts of the achievement standard

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### Summary of task

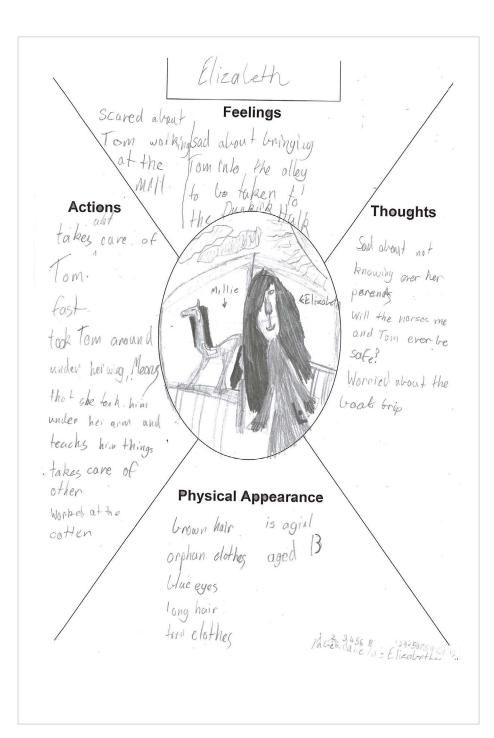
Students read the text *The Little Wooden Horse* by Mark Wilson. The teacher modelled how to construct a character portrait and use it to write a written description of Tom, one of the characters in the text.

Students were asked to research the character of Elizabeth and, using the format of the modelled character portrait and written description, to create their own written description of Elizabeth.

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### Character portrait - The Little Wooden Horse



#### **Annotations**

Writes detailed planning notes.

Places the main character at the forefront of the image, denoting her importance and places minor characters or elements in the background.

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### Character portrait - The Little Wooden Horse

Description of Elizabeth Elizabeth is a female orphan also a convict aboard the Lady Penrhyn on the first fleet to bolany bay, Australia. She is approximately ten years old. Elizabeth has long brown hair and a happy face time to time with wrecked, form and battered clothes. She in unfortunate to not be able to read and write but with Toms help she one day will be able to read and write. She takes care of everyone and everything. Elizabeth loves horses so much taking care of them makes her happy inside. She isn't happy all not having a clue about her parents, she also is upset about the things going on around her like Tom being sick the old lady dying and feeding the horses flour and water as they ate it reluctantly and etc. She thinks of stuff like: Why did Tom come down the alley way, and Poor old lady (and How will Tom hadle the new place and how w.), I handle Botuny Bay?

#### **Annotations**

Adds significant detail to a description to highlight social, cultural and historical context.

Uses noun group/phrases to create an effective description, for example 'wrecked', 'torn and battered clothes'.

Uses simple, compound and complex sentences to express and link ideas.

Clearly describes the circumstances of a character in a text.

Writes a detailed character description based on researched information.

Demonstrates a good understanding of the point of view of a child convict.

Uses mostly accurate spelling and punctuation.

Describes a clear sequence of literal information and events from a text.

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### Response to literature – What Katy Did

### Relevant parts of the achievement standard

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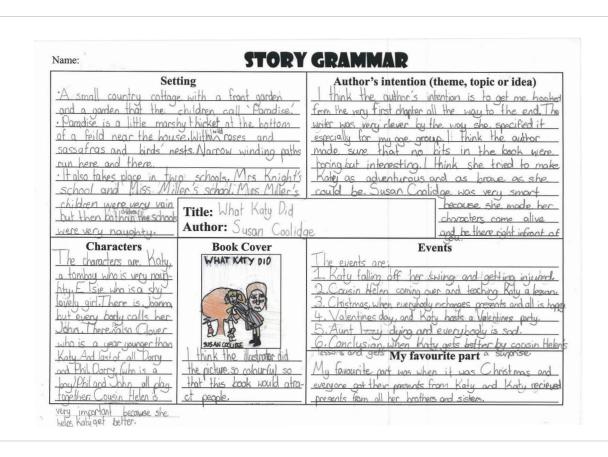
### **Summary of task**

Students were asked to choose a book to read and answer a number of questions in response to their chosen text. The students were provided with a worksheet titled Story Grammar. This is a second draft that the student developed after editing a first draft with peers and the class teacher. Students were asked the following questions:

- What is the story about?
- What is the story trying to say?
- How did one event relate to another?
- What is the author's point of view?
- Where does the story take place?
- How does the book's cover attract the audience's attention?

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### Response to literature - What Katy Did



### **Annotations**

Explains the different settings that are in the text, with the main setting being quite detailed by drawing on vocabulary from the text, for example 'a little marshy thicket at the bottom of the field'.

Uses metalanguage to explain their response to the text, for example 'the author's intention is to get me hooked from the first chapter'.

Lists the main characters and provides details about their priority.

Evaluates the use of illustration.

Sequences detailed events.

Expresses a point of view about the text.

Uses noun groups, for example 'shy, lovely girl' and prepositional phrases, for example 'at the bottom of the field near the house' to develop detailed sentences.

Uses pronoun referencing correctly throughout the different parts of the text.

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# Persuasive text – The best superpower to have is rewind

### Relevant parts of the achievement standard

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### Summary of task

Students were asked to write an exposition in response to one of the following statements:

- Energy drinks should be banned for children under 15.
- Smoking should be illegal.
- The best superpower to have is rewind.

They were asked to use appropriate language, technical aspects and the format of an exposition. They typed their expositions on a computer and had access to spell check.

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# Persuasive text – The best superpower to have is rewind

### The best superpower to have is rewind

The best superpower to have is rewind. It is the best for many reasons, such as if you had fun doing something, you could go back and do it again, if you did something wrong you could go back and fix it and if you didn't want to go to bed, you would rewind back the start of the day.

**The first reason** why is if you had fun doing something one day, you could go back and do it again. Just imagine going back and doing something you love such as going to a theme park, having a party or even just doing something fun at school.

**Another reason** is that you could go back and fix some problems. You may think that to go back in time won't solve anything, but you are wrong. If you go back before the problem started, it would be as simple as making sure the problem never started.

Finally if there was something that you didn't want to do, such as going to bed, you could rewind back before your bed time and you wouldn't have to go to bed for hours. Just imagine never going to bed till you wanted to.

Now s is official – that the best superpower to have is rewind. But we do have a problem...superpowers don't exist.

#### **Annotations**

Uses knowledge of text structures, such as previewing the arguments in the opening paragraph, organised and detailed arguments and a summative statement.

Talks directly to the audience to strengthen the argument, for example 'Just imagine going back and doing something you love...'.

Elaborates arguments to convince the reader, for example 'If you go back before the problem started, it would be as simple as making sure the problem never started'.

Creates cohesion through the use of connectives, for example 'The first reason', "Another reason' 'Finally'.

Uses digital text features, such as the bolding of text to enhance readability.

### **Annotations (Overview)**

This persuasive text uses humour to persuade and engage the reader and demonstrates increased control over text structure through creatively subverting the persuasive text structure. The student used the computer's spell and grammar check to edit their work.

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